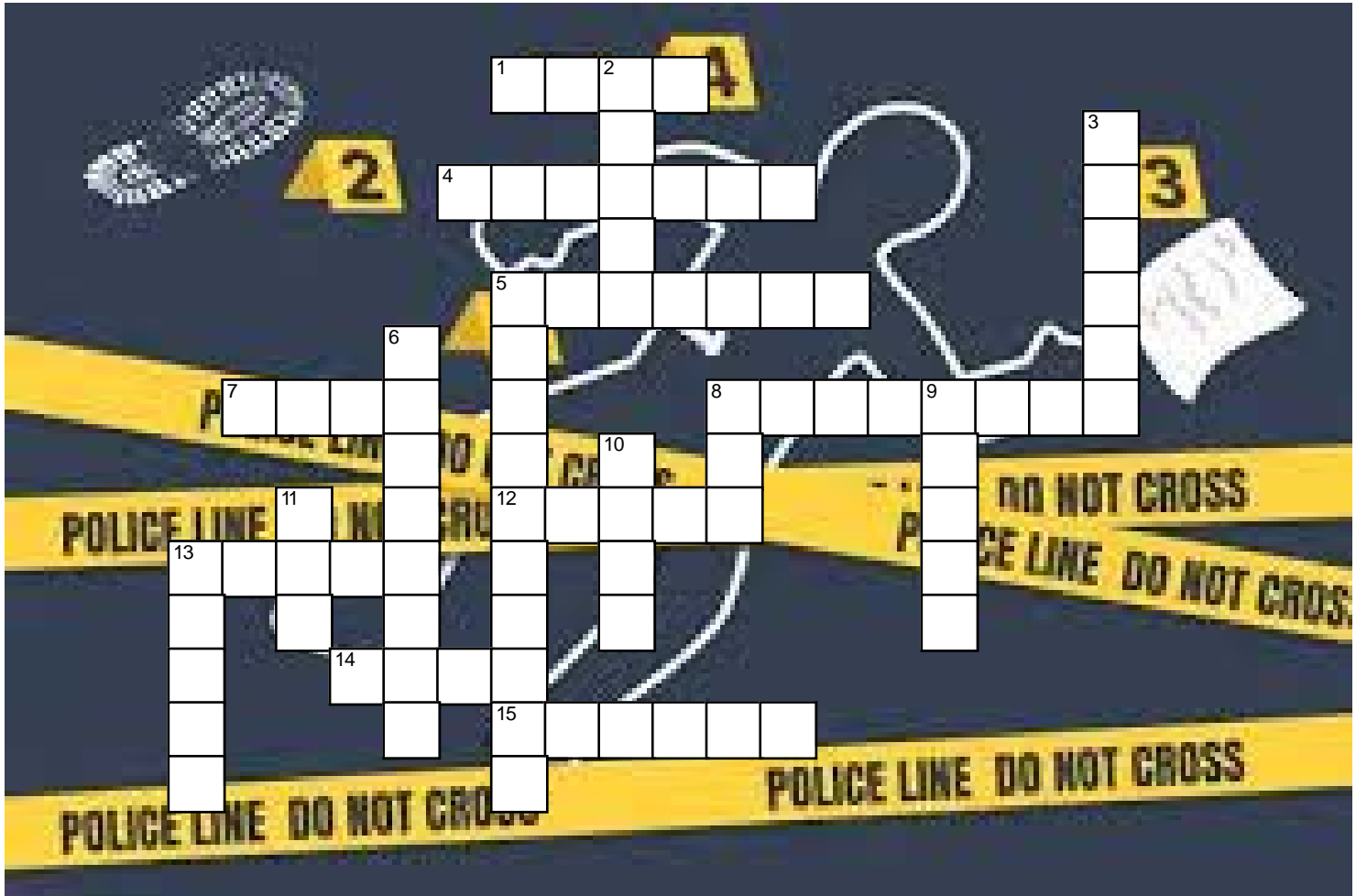


# FORENSIC PUZZLE

## Lectures 2-3



### Across

1. Search method best for use in large, outdoor scenes.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ samples are required for comparison with evidence found on crime scene.
5. Chain of \_\_\_\_\_ is a list of all persons who came into possession of an item of evidence.
7. Example of trace evidence.
8. Error made when eyewitness is adding false details to his testimonial.
12. Statement of where a suspect was at the time of a crime.
13. Type of evidence that can be associated with a group of items sharing similar properties.
14. Testimonial evidence is much \_\_\_\_\_ reliable than physical evidence.
15. Physical evidence can be any material or \_\_\_\_\_.

### Down

2. One of 3 methods for recording a crime scene.
3. Individual evidence is related to a \_\_\_\_\_ source.
5. The process of checking whether two objects have the same common origin.
6. Any physical evidence exchanged between criminal and the victim on crime scene is called \_\_\_\_\_ evidence.
8. Time between death and finding a body (abbreviation).
9. Physical evidence found at a crime scene in small but measurable amounts is \_\_\_\_\_ evidence.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ marks is an example of impression evidence.
11. An example of demonstrative evidence.
13. Carpet fiber is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ evidence.